

Social Security Law between the text and application(Centers for nursing homes in the Scandinavian countries for health and psychological care Denmark as a model)

Article

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Abstract

That older people are in urgent need of good care of the various aspects, So they should be under the eyes of their carer for as long as possible, Because they are weak in health and body as children at this stage not only physically, but also psychologically, Poor-tempered, complain about the simplest things because they lost their normal lives And because of their general poor health, such as poor eyesight and hearing, or problems in the heart, lung, paralysis, and others From other diseases of aging, , The elderly becomes in a difficult psychological state due to the deterioration of his health condition, which affects his psychological state, And that any physiological deterioration directly affects the psychological aspect of the person Especially the elderly who see before them that life has become arduous and difficult Unable to deal with this situation ,The role of the elderly care of their own health facilities play an important role In compensating the elderly with tenderness and attention Social institutions provide protection and attention to cultivate in them a love of life and optimism With the assistance of highly experienced and competent professionals to motivate the positive aspects Simple business and spend their leisure time and collective interaction to overcome those suffering.

Key words: social security law - nursing homes - health care - psychological care

Social Security Law between truth and reality

These countries, and especially Denmark, are keen on helping the elderly by providing them with the best services and care, According to terms that are determined:

1. Health and psychological condition
2. Socio-economic situation
3. The prescribed age (from 65 years and over), with the exception of disease and disability.

Free choice of location

1. He has the right to freely choose to live in nursing homes in any governorate he wishes.
2. Living in his home while providing him with health and social services.
3. Group living in the care center in a special room equipped with what his health condition requires.
4. He has the right to choose to live alone or with his partner.

The stage of transition to the care center

When the elderly person moves to another place (collective or private care center), there is the beginning of the beginning of his suffering, causing him a difficult psychological crisis, and this crisis can be divided into three stages, each stage that is inseparable from the other:

1. Shock: It lasts a few hours
2. Reaction: lasts for several weeks
3. Transfer or transfer: it lasts for years

Care

- a . Health and social care
- b . Psychological care